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(f) In the event of an accident or occurrence requiring immediate notification of the National Transportation Safety Board under 49 CFR part 830 of its regulations, which results in the termination of the flight, the certificate holder shall keep the recorded information for at least 60 days or, if requested by the Administrator or the Board, for a longer period, Information obtained from the record is used to assist in determining the cause of accidents or occurrences in connection with investigations under 49 CFR part 830. The Administrator does not use the record in any civil penalty or certificate action.

[Doc. No. 25530, 53 FR 26149, July 11, 1988]

Subpart G-Maintenance

§ 125.241 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes rules, in addition to those prescribed in other parts of this chapter, for the maintenance of airplanes, airframes, aircraft engines, propellers, appliances, each item of survival and emergency equipment, and their component parts operated under this part.

§ 125.243 Certificate holder's responsibilities.

- (a) With regard to airplanes, including airframes, aircraft engines, propellers, appliances, and survival and emergency equipment, operated by a certificate holder, that certificate holder is primarily responsible for—
 - (1) Airworthiness;
- (2) The performance of maintenance, preventive maintenance, and alteration in accordance with applicable regulations and the certificate holder's manual:
- (3) The scheduling and performance of inspections required by this part; and
- (4) Ensuring that maintenance personnel make entries in the airplane maintenance log and maintenance records which meet the requirements of part 43 of this chapter and the certificate holder's manual, and which indicate that the airplane has been approved for return to service after maintenance, preventive maintenance, or alteration has been performed.

§ 125.245 Organization required to perform maintenance, preventive maintenance, and alteration.

The certificate holder must ensure that each person with whom it arranges for the performance of maintenance, preventive maintenance, alteration, or required inspection items identified in the certificate holder's manual in accordance with § 125.249(a)(3)(ii) must have an organization adequate to perform that work.

§ 125.247 Inspection programs and maintenance.

- (a) No person may operate an airplane subject to this part unless
- (1) The replacement times for lifelimited parts specified in the aircraft type certificate data sheets, or other documents approved by the Administrator, are complied with;
- (2) Defects disclosed between inspections, or as a result of inspection, have been corrected in accordance with part 43 of this chapter; and
- (3) The airplane, including airframe, aircraft engines, propellers, appliances, and survival and emergency equipment, and their component parts, is inspected in accordance with an inspection program approved by the Administrator.
- (b) The inspection program specified in paragraph (a)(3) of this section must include at least the following:
- (1) Instructions, procedures, and standards for the conduct of inspections for the particular make and model of airplane, including necessary tests and checks. The instructions and procedures must set forth in detail the parts and areas of the airframe, aircraft engines, propellers, appliances, and survival and emergency equipment required to be inspected.
- (2) A schedule for the performance of inspections that must be performed under the program, expressed in terms of the time in service, calendar time, number of system operations, or any combination of these.
- (c) No person may be used to perform the inspections required by this part unless that person is authorized to perform maintenance under part 43 of this chapter.
- (d) No person may operate an airplane subject to this part unless—

- (1) The installed engines have been maintained in accordance with the overhaul periods recommended by the manufacturer or a program approved by the Administrator; and
- (2) The engine overhaul periods are specified in the inspection programs required by §125.247(a)(3).
- (e) Inspection programs which may be approved for use under this part include, but are not limited to—
- (1) A continuous inspection program which is a part of a current continuous airworthiness program approved for use by a certificate holder under part 121 or part 135 of this chapter;
- (2) Inspection programs currently recommended by the manufacturer of the airplane, aircraft engines, propellers, appliances, or survival and emergency equipment; or
- (3) An inspection program developed by a certificate holder under this part.

[Doc. No. 19779, 45 FR 67235, Oct. 9, 1980, as amended by Amdt. 125–2, 46 FR 24409, Apr. 30, 1981]

§ 125.248 Repair assessment for pressurized fuselages.

No person may operate an Airbus Model A300 (excluding the -600 series), British Aerospace Model BAC 1-11, Boeing Model 707, 720, 727, 737 or 747, McDonnell Douglas Model DC-8, DC-9/ MD-80 or DC-10. Fokker Model F28. or Lockheed Model L-1011 beyond the applicable flight cycle implementation time specified below, or May 25, 2001, whichever occurs later, unless operations specifications have been issued to reference repair assessment guidelines applicable to the fuselage pressure boundary (fuselage skin, door skin, and bulkhead webs), and those guidelines are incorporated in its maintenance program. The repair assessment guidelines must be approved by the FAA Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), or office of the Transport Airplane Directorate, having nizance over the type certificate for the affected airplane.

- (a) For the Airbus Model A300 (excluding the -600 series), the flight cycle implementation time is:
 - (1) Model B2: 36,000 flights.
- (2) Model B4-100 (including Model B4-2C): 30,000 flights above the window

- line, and 36,000 flights below the window line.
- (3) Model B4–200: 25,500 flights above the window line, and 34,000 flights below the window line.
- (b) For all models of the British Aerospace BAC 1-11, the flight cycle implementation time is 60,000 flights.
- (c) For all models of the Boeing 707, the flight cycle implementation time is 15,000 flights.
- (d) For all models of the Boeing 720, the flight cycle implementation time is 23,000 flights.
- (e) For all models of the Boeing 727, the flight cycle implementation time is 45.000 flights.
- (f) For all models of the Boeing 737, the flight cycle implementation time is 60,000 flights.
- (g) For all models of the Boeing 747, the flight cycle implementation time is 15,000 flights.
- (h) For all models of the McDonnell Douglas DC-8, the flight cycle implementation time is 30.000 flights.
- (i) For all models of the McDonnell Douglas DC-9/MD-80, the flight cycle implementation time is 60,000 flights.
- (j) For all models of the McDonnell Douglas DC-10, the flight cycle implementation time is 30,000 flights.
- (k) For all models of the Lockheed L-1011, the flight cycle implementation time is 27,000 flights.
- (1) For the Fokker F-28 Mark, 1000, 2000, 3000, and 4000, the flight cycle implementation time is 60,000 flights.

[65 FR 24126, Apr. 25, 2000; 65 FR 50744, Aug. 21, 2000]

§ 125.249 Maintenance manual requirements

- (a) Each certificate holder's manual required by \$125.71 of this part shall contain, in addition to the items required by \$125.73 of this part, at least the following:
- (1) A description of the certificate holders maintenance organization, when the certificate holder has such an organization.
- (2) A list of those persons with whom the certificate holder has arranged for performance of inspections under this part. The list shall include the persons' names and addresses.
- (3) The inspection programs required by §125.247 of this part to be followed in